

TRADEMARK

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Package Checklist

Please check your package which should include all items listed below. If you find any item damaged or any missing item, please contact your supplier.

- One motherboard
- One manual
- One parallel port ribbon cable
- Two serial port ribbon cables
- One IDE ribbon cable
- One floppy ribbon cable
- One optional PS/2 mouse cable

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NOTE :

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function is necessary when you accept this mainboard, or the system CMOS data will corrupt.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	LOAD SETUP Default (Y/N)? Y
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
ESC: QUIT	↑↓→← :SELECT ITEM
F10:Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 :Change Color
Load Setup Defaults Except Standard COMS SETUP	

LOAD SETUP DEFAULT

Chapter 1

Introduction

The **5BVPXB** mainboard is a high performance system hardware based on Intel Pentium® processor and is equipped with four PCI slots, three standard ISA slots, Super Multi-I/O controller and dual port PCI-IDE connectors for the future expansion. The hardware dimension is 220mm x 210mm with a four-layer-design technology.

Specification

- VIA Apollo VPX/97 PCIset chipset.
- Intel Pentium® Processor, AMD K5/K6 & Cyrix 6x86/6x86L/6x86MX operating at **90 ~ 333 MHz** and **P55C** with **321 ZIF socket 7** and scalability to accept faster Processors in the future.
- Supports up to 192 MegaBytes of DRAM (a minimum of 8 MB) on board (72-pin SIMM x 2 & 168-pin DIMM x 1). BIOS will automatically detect and configure FP/EDO and Synchronous DRAM (Refer to Chapter 2-3 System Memory Configuration).
- Supports 512KB Onboard Pipelined Burst (synchronous) L2 **Write Back/Through Cache**.
- Supports three 16 bit ISA slots and four 32 bit PCI slots and provides two independent high performance PCI IDE interfaces capable of supporting **PIO Mode 3/4 and Ultra-DMA33** devices. The **5BVPXB** supports four PCI Bus Masters and a jumperless PCI INT# control scheme which reduces configuration confusion when plugging in PCI I/O controller card(s).
- Supports **ATAPI** (e.g. **CD-ROM**) devices on both IDE interfaces.
- Supports 1 floppy port, 1 parallel port (EPP,ECP port), 2 serial ports (16550 Fast UART compatible) and 1 USB Connector.
- Supports a **PS/2** style mouse and standard AT style keyboard connectors.
- Supports Award Plug & Play BIOS . The BIOS is stored in Flash EPROM form. It provides better upgradeability for the system.
- Supports CPU Hardware sleep and SMM (System Management Mode).
- **5BVPXB** utilizes Lithium battery which provides environmental protection and longer battery life.

5BVPXB Layout

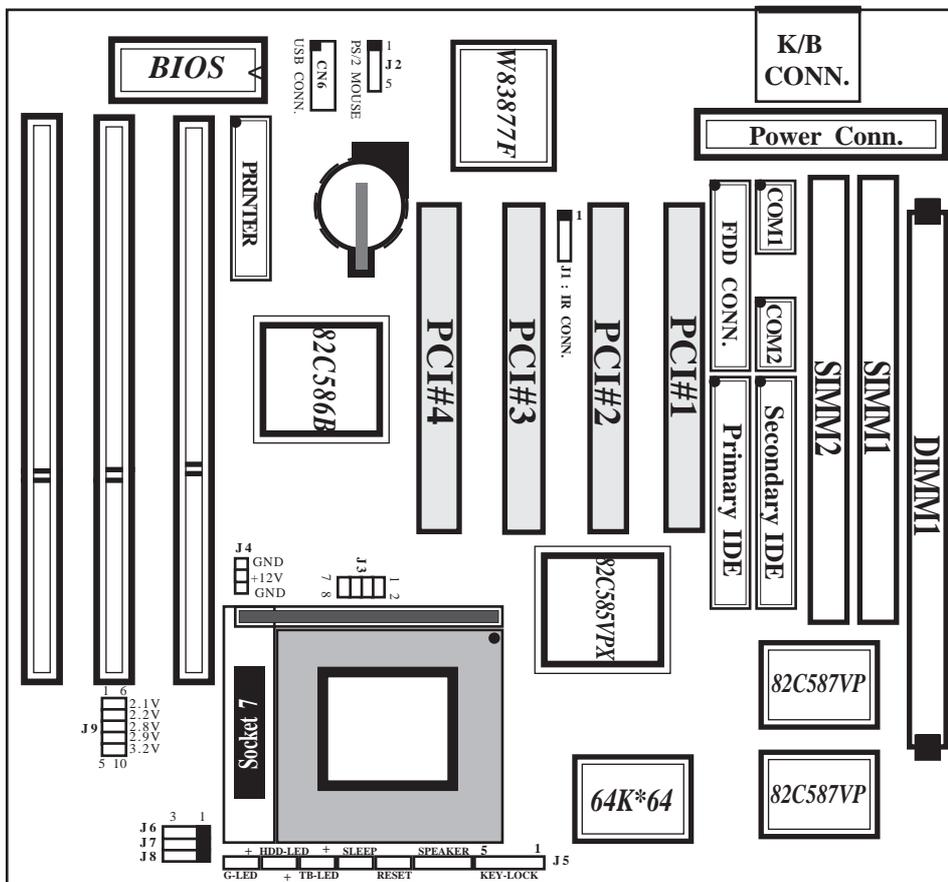


Figure 1-1

Chapter 2

Hardware design

2-1 Mainboard Layout

The 5BVPXB is designed with VIA Apollo VPX/97 PCIset chipset which is developed by VIA Corporation to fully support Pentium Processor PCI/ISA system. The VIA Apollo VPX/97 PCIset chipset can increase integration and improve performance designs. The chipset provides an integrated IDE controller with two high performance IDE interfaces for up to four IDE devices (hard devices, CD-ROM device, etc). The Winbond W83877F Super I/O controller provides the standard PC I/O function: floppy interface, two 16 Byte FIFO serial ports and EPP/ECP capable parallel port. The **5BVPXB** layout is shown in the previous page for user's reference. **Care must be taken** when inserting memory modules, inserting CPU or even plugging PCI card into associated slots to avoid damaging any circuits or sockets on board. A cooling fan is strongly recommended when installing Pentium/Pentium MMX/K5/K6/6x86/6x86L/MX processor due to possible overheat.

The 5BVPXB supports a minimum of 8MB and a maximum of 192MB of System Memory while L2 Cache is 512KB synchronous SRAM Onboard to increase system performance. (Refer to **Page 2-6 Cache Memory Configuration** for the details.)

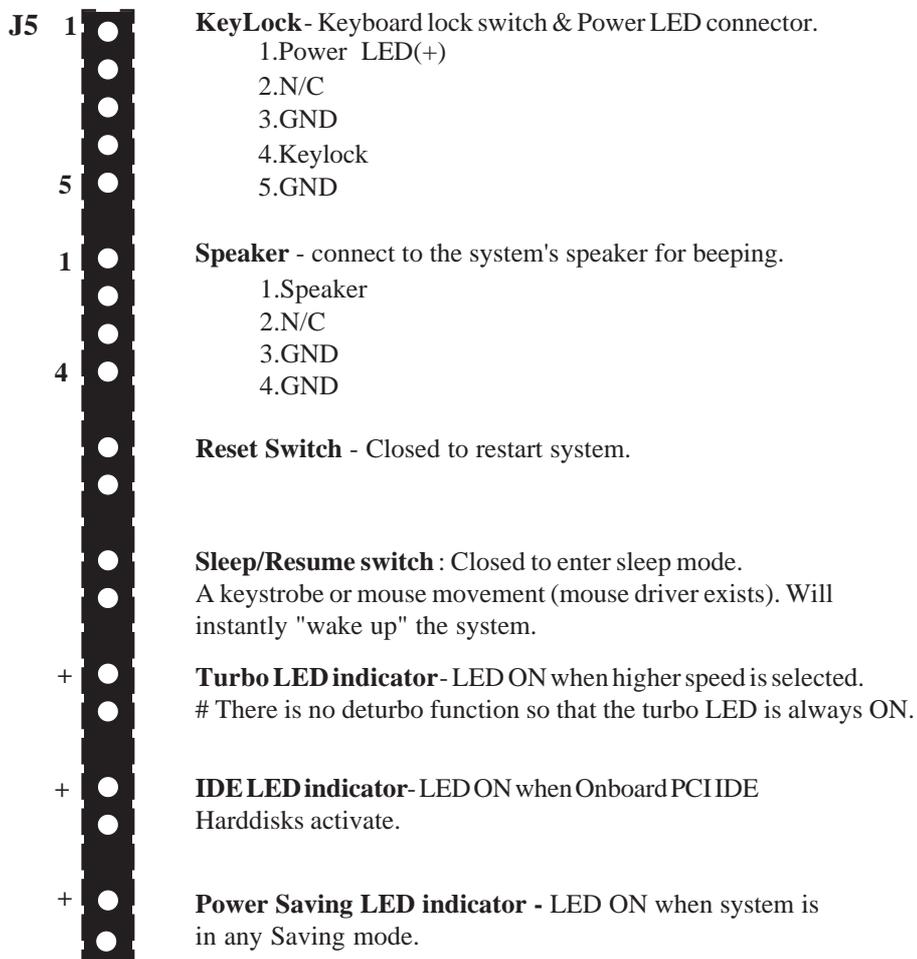
The 5BVPXB supports standard Fast Page, EDO (Extended Data Out or Hyper Page Mode) or synchronous DRAM. **The 5BVPXB** provides two 72-pin SIMM and one 168-pin DIMM sites for memory expansion. The sockets support 1M x 32(4MB), 2M x 32(8MB), 4M x 32(16MB), and 8M x 32(32MB) single-sided or double-sided memory modules. The memory timing requires 70 ns Fast page devices or 60 ns EDO DRAM. (DRAM Modules may be parity [x 36] or non-parity [x 32].

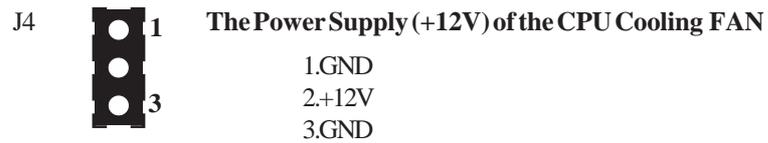
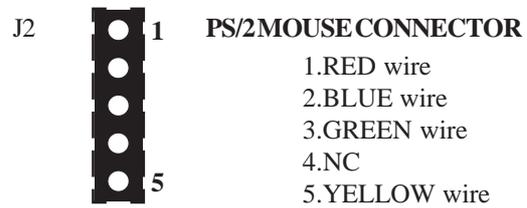
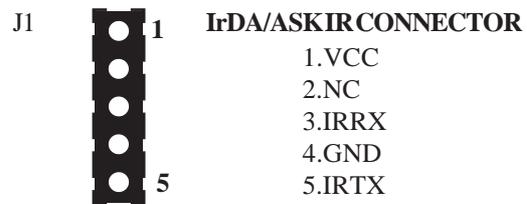
The 5BVPXB supports two **Onboard PCI IDE** connectors, and automatically detects IDE harddisk type by BIOS utility automatic.

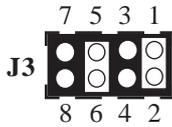
The 5BVPXB supports Award Plug & Play BIOS for the ISA and PCI cards. The BIOS can be located in Flash EPROM which can replace BIOS code easily if necessary.

2-2 Connectors and Jumpers

This section describes all connectors and jumpers equipped in the mainboard. Please refer to **Figure 1-1** for location of each connector and jumper.





Intel Pentium® Processor / Pentium® MMX Processor / AMD K5 / K6 Installation					
Clock/CPU Op.	J3	J6	J7	J8	
60/90 MHz	3-4, 5-6	1-2	1-2	1-2	
66/100 MHz	1-2, 5-6				
60/120 MHz	3-4, 5-6	2-3	1-2	1-2	
66/133 MHz	1-2, 5-6				
60/150 MHz	3-4, 5-6	2-3	2-3	1-2	
66/166 MHz	1-2, 5-6				
66/200 MHz	1-2, 5-6	1-2	2-3	1-2	
66/233 MHz	1-2, 5-6	1-2	1-2	1-2	
@ 66/266 MHz	1-2, 5-6	2-3	1-2	2-3	
@ 66/300 MHz	1-2, 5-6	2-3	2-3	2-3	
@ 66/333 MHz	1-2, 5-6	1-2	2-3	2-3	

Cyrix & IBM 6x86/6x86L/6x86MX Installation					
CPU	Clock Op.	J3	J6	J7	J8
6x86/L-PR150+	60MHz * 2	3-4, 5-6	2-3	1-2	1-2
6x86/L-PR166+	66MHz * 2	1-2, 5-6			
6x86/L-PR200+	75MHz * 2	3-4, 7-8			
6x86MX-PR166	66MHz * 2	1-2, 5-6	2-3	1-2	1-2
6x86MX-PR200	75MHz * 2	3-4, 7-8			
6x86MX-PR166	60MHz * 2.5	3-4, 5-6	2-3	2-3	1-2
6x86MX-PR200	66MHz * 2.5	1-2, 5-6			
6x86MX-PR233	75MHz * 2.5	3-4, 7-8			
@ 6x86MX-PR233	66MHz * 3	1-2, 5-6	1-2	2-3	1-2
@ 6x86MX-PR266	75MHz * 3	3-4, 7-8			
@ 6x86MX-PR266	66MHz * 3.5	1-2, 5-6	1-2	1-2	1-2

<i>idt</i> C6 Processor Installation					
CPU	Clock Op.	J3	J6	J7	J8
C6-DS120	60MHz * 2	3-4, 5-6	2-3	1-2	1-2
C6-DS133	66MHz * 2	1-2, 5-6			
C6-DS180	60MHz * 3	3-4, 5-6	1-2	2-3	1-2
C6-DS200	66MHz * 3	1-2, 5-6			
@ C6-DS240	60MHz * 4	3-4, 5-6	2-3	1-2	2-3
@ C6-DS266	66MHz * 4	1-2, 5-6			
@ C6-DS300	60MHz * 5	3-4, 5-6	1-2	2-3	2-3
@ C6-DS333	66MHz * 5	1-2, 5-6			

@ *These jumper settings are reserved for the future CPU versions. When the future CPU versions are ready and suitable for this mainboard, these jumper settings will be correctly updated.*

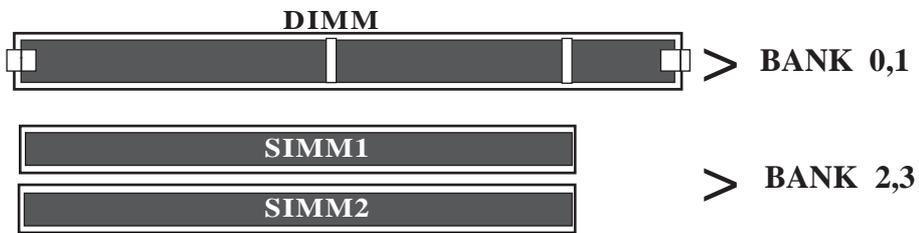
J9 CPU Vcore voltage selection

	1-6	: 2.1V Reserved
	2-7	: 2.2V Reserved for AMD K6 in the future
	3-8	: 2.8V For Intel Pentium MMX & Cyrix 6x86L
	4-9	: 2.9V For AMD K6/PR2-166/200 & Cyrix 6x86MX
	5-10	: 3.2V For AMD K6/PR2-233/266

Note : J9 is for Vcore Settings of dual voltage CPUs. Please ignore the settings of single voltage CPUs. Such as Intel Pentium Processor, AMD K5, Cyrix M1 and idt C6 here.

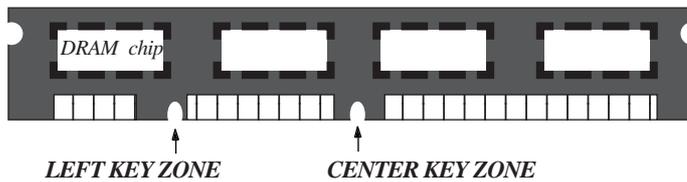
2-3 System Memory Configuration

The 5BVPXB supports different type of settings for the system memory. The following figures and table provides all possible memory combinations. (Please refer to **Appendix C: Memory Configuration Table** for the details).



DIMM 1 BANK 0	SIMM 1,2 BANK 1	TOTAL Memory
SDRAM	EDO/FP DRAM	MAX. = 192MB
<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 0 5px;"> 8MB 16MB 32MB 64MB 128MB </div> <div style="margin: 0 10px;">x 1</div> </div>	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="border-left: 1px solid black; border-right: 1px solid black; padding: 0 5px;"> 4MB 8MB 16MB 32MB </div> <div style="margin: 0 10px;">x 2</div> </div>	=

- NOTE :** 1. 5BVPXB supports both Fast Page DRAM and EDO DRAM SIMMs, but they cannot be used in the same memory bank.
 2. The KEY ZOOM of the DIMM socket is 3.3V / Unbuffered.



2-4 Integrated PCI Bridge

The **5BVPXB** utilizes **Apollo VPX/97 PCIset** chipset to support Intel Pentium Processor PCI/ISA system. The VIA Apollo VPX/97 PCIset chipset consists of the 82C585VPX system controller (TSC), two 82C587VP Data Path (TDP) devices, and one 82C586B PCI ISA/IDE Accelerator bridge chip. It provides an interface which translates CPU cycle into PCI bus cycle, and PCI burst read/write capability. In addition, it provides high performance PCI arbiter to support four PCI Masters, Rotating Priority Mechanism, and Hidden Arbitration Scheme Minimizes Arbitration Overhead.

There are four interrupts in each PCI slot : INTA#, INTB#, INTC#, and INTD#. Since the **5BVPXB** adapts the PCI auto-configuration with the system BIOS Setup utility. When the system is turned on after adding a PCI add-in card, the BIOS automatically configure interrupts, DMA channels, I/O space, and other parameters. You do not have to configure jumpers or worry about potential resource conflicts. Because PCI cards use the same interrupt resource as ISA cards, you must specify the interrupt used by ISA add-in cards in the BIOS Setup utility.

However, if a "Legacy card" (such as plugging a paddle card and cable into an ISA slot) is plugged in the system, modification in the **ROM SETUP UTILITY** becomes necessary. First of all, you must enter **PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP** utility from the **ROM SETUP UTILITY** main menu to set "ISA" for the "**PCI IDE IRQ MAP TO**

Secondly, you must enter the **CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP UTILITY** from the **ROM SETUP UTILITY** main menu and set "Disable" for the "**Onboard Primary PCI IDE**" and the **Onboard Secondary PCI IDE**. When you plug PCI/ISA IDE cards into the system, You should select "Disabled" for the **Onboard Primary and Secondary PCI IDE** from the **CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP UTILITY** too.

You can set the system interrupt request (IRQ) on some "Legacy cards" which have on paddle card and cable. (refer to user's manual of the card) to a proper system IRQ level (In general, card's Primary is assigned to INTA and Secondary is assigned to INTB). If the card is plugged into slot 1 (marked PCI#1), you cannot use second slot (marked PCI#2) because the Secondary INT signal takes INTB from the slot (refer to Page 3-12 for circuit diagram). The user then enters the **PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP** utility from the **ROM SETUP UTILITY** main menu and set "PCI-Slot 1" for the "**PCI IDE IRQ MAP TO**" (This depends on the slot # where the Legacy card is plugged).

CHAPTER 3

AWARD BIOS SETUP

Award's ROM BIOS provides a built-in setup program which allows user to modify the basic system configuration and hardware parameters. The modified data will be stored in a battery-backed CMOS RAM so data will be retained even when the power is turned off. In general, the information saved in the CMOS RAM stays unchanged unless there is a configuration change in the system, such as a hard drive replacement or a new device installation.

If this does happen you will need to reconfigure your configuration parameter.

To Enter Setup Program

Power on the computer and press key immediately. This will bring you into BIOS CMOSSETUPUTILITY.

ROMPCI/ISA BIOS(2A5LDPAB) CMOSSETUPUTILITY AWARDSOFTWARE,INC.	
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS	
ESC : QUIT	↑ ↓ → ← : SELECT ITEM
F10 : Save & Exit Setup	(Shift)F2 : Change Color
Time, Date, Hard Disk Type...	

Figure 3-1 CMOS SETUP UTILITY

The menu displays all major selection items. Select the item you need to reconfigure. The selection is made by moving cursor (press any direction key) to the item and press the 'Enter' key. An on-line help message is displayed at the bottom of the screen as the cursor is moving to various items which provides a better understanding of each function. When a selection is made, the menu of selected item will appear so the user can modify the associated configuration parameters.

3-1 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

Choose "STANDARD CMOS SETUP" in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY Menu (Fig.3-1). The STANDARD CMOS SETUP allows user to configure system setting such as the current date and time, type of hard disk drive installed, floppy drive type, and display type. Memory size is auto-detected by the BIOS and displayed for your reference. When a field is highlighted (use direction keys to move cursor and <Enter> key to select), the entries in the field will be changed by pressing <PgDn> or <PgUp> keys or user can enter new data directly from the keyboard.

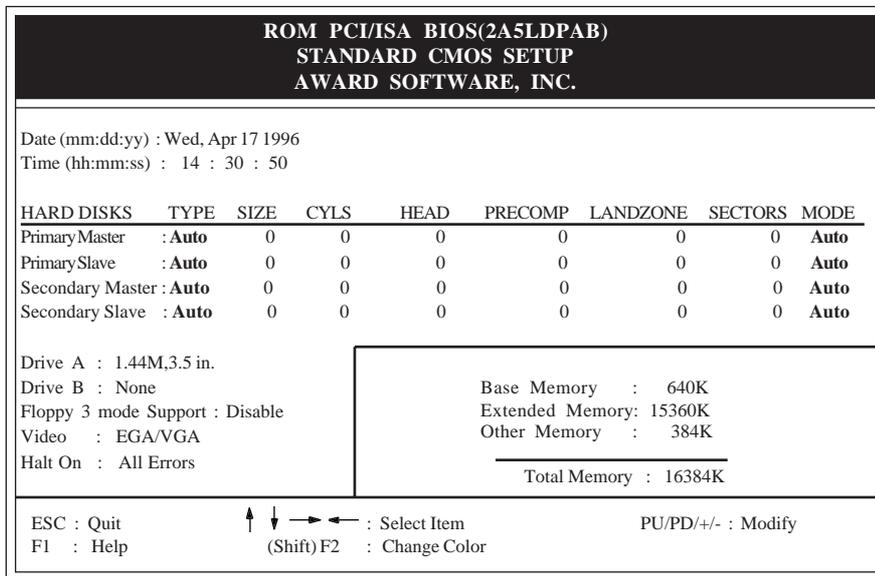


Figure 3-2 STANDARD CMOS SETUP

NOTE: If the hard disk Primary Master/Slave and the Secondary Master/Slave are set as "Auto", then the hard disk size and model will be auto-detected.

NOTE: The "Halt On :" field is to determine when to halt the system by the BIOS if an error occurs.

3-2 BIOS FEATURES SETUP

Selecting the "BIOS FEATURES SETUP" option in the CMOS SETUP UTILITY menu allows user to change system related parameters in the displayed menu. This menu shows all of the manufacturer's default values of the 5BVPXB. Again, user can move the cursor by pressing direction keys and <PgDn> or <PgUp> keys to modify the parameters. Pressing [F1] key to display help message of the selected item.

This setup program also provides 2 convenient ways to load the default parameter data from BIOS[F6] or CMOS[F7] area if shown data is corrupted. This provides the system a capability to recover from any possible error.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A5LDPAB) BIOS FEATURES SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.			
Virus Warning	: Disabled	Video BIOS	Shadow : Enabled
CPU Internal Cache	: Enabled	C8000-CBFFF	Shadow : Disabled
External Cache	: Enabled	CC000-CFFFF	Shadow : Disabled
Quick Power On Self Test	: Enabled	D0000-D3FFF	Shadow : Disabled
Boot Sequence	: A, C	D4000-D7FFF	Shadow : Disabled
Swap Floppy Drive	: Disabled	D8000-DBFFF	Shadow : Disabled
Boot Up Floppy Seek	: Enabled	DC000-DFFFF	Shadow : Disabled
Boot Up NumLock Status	: On		
Boot Up System Speed	: High		
Gate A20 Option	: Fast		
Typematic Rate Setting	: Disabled		
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)	: 6		
Type matic Delay (Msec)	: 250		
Security Option	: Setup		
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop	: Disabled		
OS Select For DRAM > 64MB	: Non-OS2		
		Esc : Quit ↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item	
		F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify	
		F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color	
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Figure 3-3 BIOS FEATURES SETUP

Note: The **Security Option** contains "setup" and "system". The "setup" indicates that the password setting is for CMOS only while the "system" indicates the password setting is for both CMOS and system boot up.

- **Virus Warning:** This category flashes on the screen. During and after the system boots up, any attempt to write to the boot sector or partition table of the hard disk drive will halt the system and an error message will appear. You should then run an anti-virus program to locate the virus. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive. Default value is Disabled.

Enabled : Activates automatically when the system boots up causing a warning message to appear when any attempt to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.

Disabled: No warning message to appear when any attempt to access the boot sector or hard disk partition table.
- **CPU Internal Cache / External Cache:** These two categories speed up memory access. However, it depends on CPU/chipset design. The default value is Enabled. If your CPU is without Internal Cache then this item "CPU Internal Cache" will not be shown.

Enabled: Enable cache.

Disable : Disable cache.

- **Quick Power On Self Test:** This category speeds up Power On Self Test (POST) after you power on the computer. If it is set to Enable, BIOS will shorten or skip some checking items during POST.
Enabled : Enable quick POST.
Disabled: Normal POST.
- **Boot Sequence:** This category determines which drive is searched first for the O/S(Operating System).The default value is A,C.
A,C :The system will search for floppy disk drive first then hard disk drive.
C,A :The system will search for hard disk drive first then floppy disk drive.
- **Swap Floppy Drive:** This will swap your physical drive letters A&B if you are using two floppy disks. The default value is Disabled.
Enabled : Floppy A & B will be swapped under the O/S.
Disabled : Floppy A & B will be not swapped.
- **Boot Up Floppy Seek:** During Power-On-Self-Test (POST), BIOS will determine if the floppy disk drive installed is 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360K type is 40 tracks while 760K, 1.2M and 1.44M are all 80 tracks. The default value is Enabled.
Enabled : BIOS searches for floppy disk drive to determine if it is 40 or 80 tracks.
Note that BIOS cannot tell from 720K, 1.2M or 1.44M drive type as they are all 80 tracks.
Disabled: BIOS will not search for the type of floppy disk drive by track number.
Note that there will not be any warning message if the drive installed is 360K.
- **Boot Up NumLock Status:** The default value is On.
On : Keypad is number keys.
Off : Keypad is arrow keys.
- **Boot UP System Speed:** Select default system speed. The system will run at the selected speed after the system boots.
High: Set the speed to high.
Low : Set the speed to low.
- **Gate A20 Option:** This refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1MB (extended memory). The default value is Fast.
Normal: The A20 signal is controlled by keyboard controller or chipset hardware.
Fast : The A20 signal is controlled by Port 92 or chipset specific method.

- **Typematic Rate Setting:** This determines the typematic rate.
Enabled: Enable typematic rate and typematic delay programming.
Disabled: Disable typematic rate and typematic delay programming. The system BIOS will use default value of 2 items and the default is controlled by the keyboard.
- **Typematic Rate(Chars/Sec):**

6 : 6 characters per second.	8 : 8 characters per second.
10: 10 characters per second.	12: 12 characters per second.
15: 15 characters per second.	20: 20 characters per second.
24: 24 characters per second.	30: 30 characters per second.
- **Typematic Delay(Msec):** This determines the time between the first and second character displayed, when holding a key.
250: 250msec.
500: 500 msec.
750: 750 msec.
1000: 1000msec.
- **Security Option:** This category allows you to limit access to the system and Setup, or just to Setup. The default value is Setup.
System: The system will not boot and the access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
Setup : The system will boot, but the access to Setup will be denied if the correct password is not entered at the prompt.
- **PCI/VGA Palette Snoop:** This filed controls the ability of a primary PCI VGA controller to share a common palette (when a snoop write cycles) with an ISA video card. The default value is Disabled.
Enabled: If an ISA card connects to a PCI VGA card via the VESA connector and the ISA card connects to VGA monitor and uses the RAMDAC of PCI card, the PCI/VGA Palette Snoop is enabled.
Disabled: Disable the VGA card Palette snoop function.
- **Video BIOS Shadow:** It determines whether video BIOS will be copied to RAM, however, it is optional from chipset design. Video Shadow will increase the video speed.
Enabled : Video shadow is enabled.
Disabled: Video shadow is disabled.

- **DRAM Timing:** The default value is 60ns.
60ns : 2 (faster) Burst Wait State, for 60~70ns Fast Page Mode/EDO DRAM.
70ns : 3 (slower) Burst Wait State, for 70ns Fast Page Mode/EDO DRAM.
- **Video BIOS Cacheable:** The default value is Enabled.
Enabled : Enabled the Video BIOS Cacheable to speed up the VGA Performance.
Disabled: Disabled the Video BIOS Cacheable function.
- **Memory Hole at 15M-16M:** The default value is Disabled.
Disabled: Normal Setting.
Enabled : This field enables the main memory (15~16MB) remap to ISA BUS.

3-4 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

Choose the "POWERMANAGEMENTSETUP" in theCMOSSETUPUTILITY to display the following screen. This menu allows the user to modify the power management parameters and IRQ signals. In general, these parameters should not be changed unless it is absolutely necessary.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.		
Power Management	: User Define	** Power Down & Resume Events **
PM Control by APM	: Yes	IRQ5 (LPT 2) : Primary
Video off Option	: Suspend -> Off	IRQ6 (Floppy Disk) : Disabled
Video off Method	: V/H SYNC+Blank	IRQ7 (LPT 1) : Primary
Conserve Mode	: Disabled	IRQ8 (RTC Alarm) : Disabled
Modem Use IRO	: 3	IRQ9 (IRQ2 Redir) : Primary
** PM Timers **		IRQ10 (Reserved) : Primary
HDD Power Down	: Disable	IRQ11 (Reserved) : Primary
Doze Mode	: Disable	IRQ12 (PS/2 Mouse) : Primary
Suspend Mode	: Disable	IRQ13 (Coprocessor) : Primary
** PM Events **		IRQ14 (Hard Disk) : Primary
VGA	: OFF	IRQ15 (Reserved) : Disabled
LPT & COM	: LPT /COM	
HDD & FDD	: OFF	
DMA /master	: OFF	
Primary INTR	: ON	
IRQ3 (COM 2)	: Primary	
IRQ4 (COM 1)	: Primary	
		Esc : Quit ↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
		F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
		F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults

Figure 3-5 POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP

Again, user can move the cursor by pressing direction keys to the field needed to be modified and press <PgDn> or <PgUp> to alter item selection. You can only change the content of **Doze Mode**, **Standby Mode**, and **Suspend Mode** when the **Power Management** is set to 'User Define'.

3-4-1 The Description of the Power Management

A. **Power Management** mode selection :

Disabled : The system operates in NORMAL conditions (Non-GREEN) and the Power Management function is disabled.

Max. saving: This mode will maximize the power saving capability.

Min. saving: This mode will minimize the power saving capability.

User define: Allow user to define time-out parameters to control power saving mode. Refer to item B shown below.

B. Time-out parameters :**HDD Standby**

HDD Standby timer can be set from 1 to 15 minute(s).

System Doze

The "System Doze" mode timer starts to count when there is no "PM events" occurred. The valid time-out setting is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

System Suspend

This function works only when the Pentium Procissor is installed. The timer starts to count when "System Standby" mode timer is timed out and no "PM Events" occurred. Valid range is from 1 minute up to 1 hour.

3-4-2 Description of the Green Functions

The 5BVPXB supports HDD Power Down, Doze and Suspend power saving functions. In addition, the hardware suspend function is supported when the J5-SLEEP (Refer to Figure1-1) is closed to enter the Suspend function.

The detailed description of these functions is provided in the next page.

HDDStandbyMode

When system stops reading or writing HDD, the timer starts to count. The system will cut off the HDD power when timer runs out of time. The system will not resume operation until either a read from or a write to HDD command is executed again.

DozeMode

The system hardware will drop down CPU clock from normal working speed when Doze mode time-out occurs.

Suspend Mode

When the system suspend timer times out, the system will enter the suspend mode and the chipset will stop CPU clock immediately. The power consumption in Suspend Mode is lower than in standby mode. The screen is also blanked out.

PM Events:

AWARD BIOS defines 15 PM Events in the power management mode (Doze & suspend). The user can initialize any PM Events to be "Enable" or "Disable". When the system detects all of the enabled events, do not have any activity. It will start the system Doze timer first if the "Power Management" is not "Disabled". Once the system Doze timer is timed out, it will process doze power saving procedure by starting the system suspend timer. When the suspend timer times out, all of the CPU clock will stop by dropping system clock down to zero and remains this way until any one of the "Enabled" event occurs.

3-5 PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION

The PNP/PCI configuration program is for the user to modify the PCI/ISA IRQ signals when various PCI/ISA cards are inserted in the PCI or ISA slots.

WARNING : Any misplacing IRQ could cause system can't pick out the rescouces.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A5LDPAB) PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.			
PNP Installed	: No	CPU to PCI Write Buffer	: Enabled
Resources Controlled By	: Manual	PCI Dynamic Bursting	: Enabled
Reset Configuration Data	: Disabled	PCI Master 0 WS Write	: Enabled
IRQ-3 assigned to	: Legacy ISA	PCI Peer Concurrency	: Enabled
IRQ-4 assigned to	: Legacy ISA	PCI Delay Transaction	: Disabled
IRQ-5 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	PCI IRQ Actived By	: Level
IRQ-7 assigned to	: Legacy ISA	PCI IDE IRQ Map To	: PCI-AUTO
IRQ-9 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	Primary IDE INT#	: A
IRQ-10 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	Secondary IDE INT#	: B
IRQ-11 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-12 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
IRQ-14 assigned to	: Legacy ISA		
IRQ-15 assigned to	: Legacy ISA		
DMA-0 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		
DMA-1 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	ESC : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
DMA-3 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify
DMA-5 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F5 : No Change	(Shift) F2 : Color
DMA-6 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP	F7 : Load Setup Defaults	
DMA-7 assigned to	: PCI/ISA PnP		

Figure 3-6 PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP

- **Resource Controlled By:** The default value is Manual.
 - Manual:** The field defines that the PNP Card's resource is controlled by manual. You can set whether IRQ-X or DMA-X is assigned to PCI/ISA PNP or Legacy ISA Cards.
 - Auto:** If your ISA card and PCI card are all PNP cards. Set this field Auto. The BIOS will assign the interrupt resource automatically.

- **Reset Configuration Data:** The default value is Disabled.
 - Disabled:** Normal Setting
 - Enabled:** If you plug some Legacy cards in the system and record into ESCD (Extended System Configuration Data). You can set this field to be Enabled and to clear ESCD at one time, when some Legacy cards are removed.

- **PCIIDE IRQ Map To:** The default value is PCI-AUTO.

When you have true PCI card(s) plugged into the system, you will not need to change any thing here in the **SETUP** program. However, if you do not know whether you are using a true PCI card, please refer to your PCI card user's manual for the details.

When you have a Legacy card (described in section 2-5) to plug into the system, a proper setting is extremely important or it may cause the system hung up. The diagram shown below tells you how the Rotating Priority Mechanism is designed.

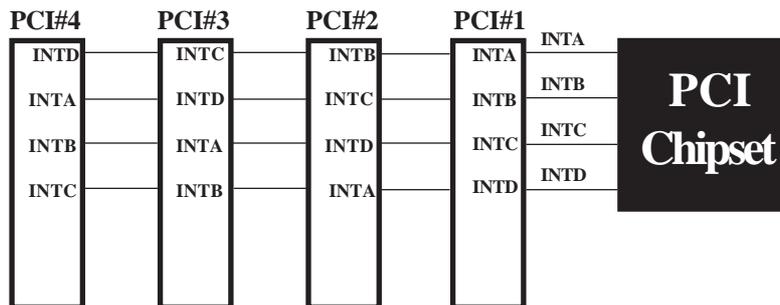


Figure 3-7 The Combination of PCI INT# lines

3-6 INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS(2A5LDPAB)			
INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			
WARD SOFTWARE, INC.			
Onboard Primary PCI IDE	: Enabled	Onboard Parallel Port	: 378/IRQ7
Onboard Secondary PCI IDE	: Enabled	Onboard Parallel Mode	: ECP / EPP
IDE Prefetch Mode	: Enabled	ECP Mode Use DMA	: 3
IDE HDD Block Mode	: Enabled	Parallel Port EPP Type	: EPP1.9
IDE primary Master PIO	: Auto	Onboard USB Controller	: Disabled
IDE Primary Slave PIO	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Master PIO	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Slave PIO	: Auto		
IDE Primary Master UDMA	: Auto		
IDE Primary Slave UDMA	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Master UDMA	: Auto		
IDE Secondary Slave UDMA	: Auto		
PCI IDE Secondary Channel	: Enabled		
Onboard FDC Controller	: Enabled		
UART 2 Mode	: Standard		
		ESC : Quit	↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item
		F1 : Help	PU/PD/+/- : Modify
		F5 : No Change	(Shift) F2 : Color
		F7 : Load Setup Defaults	

Note: If you don't use the Onboard IDE connector, then use On-card (PCI or ISA card) IDE connector. You have to set Onboard Primary PCI IDE: Disabled and Onboard Secondary PCI IDE: Disabled from CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP UTILITY. The Onboard PCI IDE cable should be equal to or less than 18 inches (45 cm.).

- IDE HDD Block Mode:** The default value is Enabled.
 - Enabled* : Enabled IDE HDD Block Mode. The HDD transfer rate is better than Disable.
 - Disabled*: Disable IDE HDD Block Mode.
- PCI Slot IDE 2nd Channel:** The default value is Enabled.
 - Enabled* : Enable secondary IDE port and BIOS will assign IRQ15 for this port.
 - Disabled* : Disable secondary IDE port and IRQ15 is available for other device.
- Onboard Primary PCI IDE:** The default value is Enabled.
 - Enabled* : Enable Onboard 1st channel IDE port.
 - Disabled* : Disable Onboard 1st channel IDE port. When use On-card (PCI or ISA card) IDE connector.
- Onboard Secondary PCI IDE:** The default value is Enabled.
 - Enabled* : Enable Onboard 2nd channel IDE port.
 - Disabled* : Disable Onboard 2nd channel IDE port When use On-card (PCI or ISA card) IDE connector.

- **IDE Primary Master PIO:** The default value is Auto.
 - Auto* : BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Master PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.
 - Mode0~4* : Manually set the IDE Accessing mode.

- **IDE Primary Slave PIO:** The default value is Auto.
 - Auto* : BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Primary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.
 - Mode0~4* : Manually set the IDE Accessing mode.

- **IDE Secondary Master PIO:** The default value is Auto.
 - Auto* : BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Master PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.
 - Mode0~4* : Manually set the IDE Accessing mode.

- **IDE Secondary Slave PIO:** The default value is Auto.
 - Auto* : BIOS will automatically detect the Onboard Secondary Slave PCI IDE HDD Accessing mode.
 - Mode0~4* : Manually set the IDE Accessing mode.

- **Onboard FDC Controller:** The default value is Enabled.
 - Enabled* : Enable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller.
 - Disabled* : Disable the Onboard floppy drive interface controller, When using On-card ISA FDC's controller.

- **Onboard UART 1:** This field allows the user to select the serial port. The default value is 3F8H/IRQ4.
 - COM1:* Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4.
 - COM2:* Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3.
 - COM3:* Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4.
 - COM4:* Enable Onboard Serial port 1 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3.
 - Disabled:* Disable Onboard SMC CHIP's Serial port 1.

- **Onboard UART 2:** This field allows the user to select the serial port. The default value is 2F8H/IRQ3.
 - COM1:* Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3F8H/IRQ4.
 - COM2:* Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2F8H/IRQ3.
 - COM3:* Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 3E8H/IRQ4.
 - COM4:* Enable Onboard Serial port 2 and address is 2E8H/IRQ3.
 - Disabled:* Disable Onboard SMC CHIP's Serial port 2.

- **Onboard UART 2 Mode:** The default value is standard. This field allows the User to select the COM2 port that can support a serial Infrared Interface.
Standard: Support a Serial Infrared Interface IrDA.
HPSIR: Support a HP Serial Infrared Interface format.
ASKIR: Support a Sharp Serial Infrared Interface format.
- **Onboard Parallel port:** This field allows the user to select the LPT port. The default value is 378H/IRQ7.
378H : Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 378H and IRQ7
278H : Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 278H and IRQ5.
3BCH : Enable Onboard LPT port and address is 3BCH and IRQ7.
Disabled : Disable Onboard SMC CHIP's LPT port.

NOTE: Parallel Port address is 378H/3BCH that selects the routing of IRQ7 for LPT1.
Parallel Port address is 278H that selects the routing of IRQ5 for LPT1.

- **Parallel port Mode:** This field allows the user to select the parallel port mode. The default value is ECP+EPP.
Normal : Standard mode. IBM PC/AT Compatible bidirectional parallel port.
EPP : Enhanced Parallel Port mode.
ECP : Extended Capability Port mode.
EPP+ECP : ECP Mode & EPP Mode.
- ECP Mode USE DMA:** This field allows the user to select DMA1 or DMA3 for the ECP mode. The default value is DMA3.
DMA1 : The field selects the routing of DMA1 for the ECP mode.
DMA3 : The field selects the routing of DMA3 for the ECP mode.

3-7 LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS

The "LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS" function loads the system default data directly from ROM and initializes the associated hardware properly. This function will be necessary only when the system CMOS data is corrupted.

3-9 IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

The "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility is a very useful tool especially when you do not know which kind of hard disk type you are using. You can use this utility to detect the correct disk type installed in the system automatically. **But now** you can set **HARD DISK TYPE** to **Auto** in the **STANDARD CMOS SETUP**. You do not need the "IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION" utility. The BIOS will Auto-detect the hard disk size and model on display during POST.

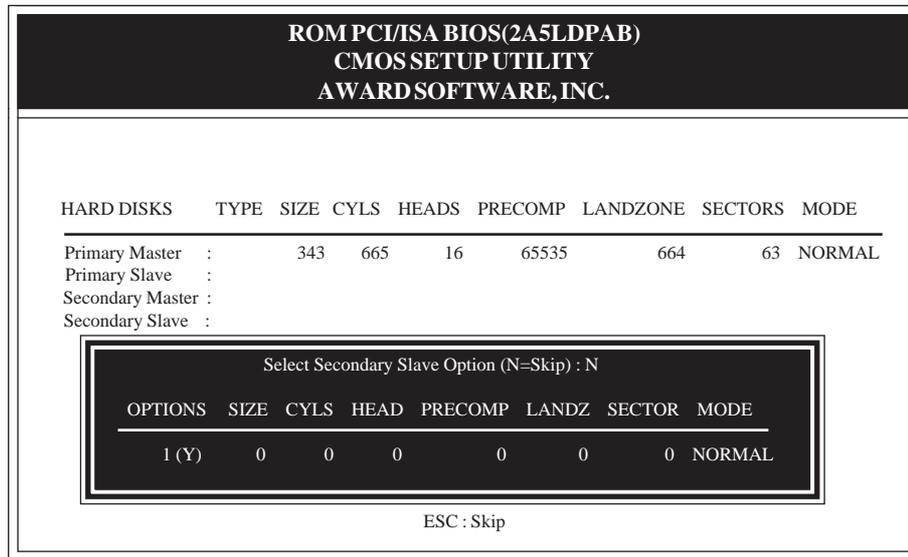


Figure 3-9 IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION

NOTE: HDD Modes

The Award BIOS supports 3 HDD modes : NORMAL, LBA and LARGE NORMAL mode.

Generic access mode that is neither the BIOS nor the IDE controller will make transformations during accessing.

The maximum numbers of cylinders, head & sectors for NORMAL mode are 1024, 16 and 63.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{no. Cylinder} \quad (1024) \\
 \times \text{ no. Head} \quad (16) \\
 \times \text{ no. Sector} \quad (63) \\
 \times \text{ no. per sector} \quad (512) \\
 \hline
 528 \text{ Megabytes}
 \end{array}$$

If user sets his HDD to NORMAL mode, the maximum accessible HDD size will be 528 Megabytes even though its physical size may be greater than that!

LBA (Logical Block Addressing) mode: This is a new HDD accessing method to overcome the 528 Megabyte bottleneck.

The number of cylinders, heads and sectors shown in the setup may not be the number physically contained in the HDD.

During the HDD accessing, the IDE controller will transform the logical address described by sector, head and cylinder into its own physical address inside the HDD.

The maximum HDD size supported by LBA mode is 8.4 Gigabytes which is obtained by the following formula:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{no. Cylinder} \quad (1024) \\
 \times \text{no. Head} \quad (255) \\
 \times \text{no. Sector} \quad (63) \\
 \times \text{bytes per sector} \quad (512) \\
 \hline
 8.4 \text{ Gigabytes}
 \end{array}$$

LARGE mode: This is an extended HDD access mode supported by Award Software.

Some IDE HDDs contain more than 1024 cylinders without LBA support (in some cases, user does not want LBA). The Award BIOS provides another alternative to support these kinds of LARGE mode:

<u>CYLS.</u>	<u>HEADS</u>	<u>SECTOR</u>	<u>MODE</u>
1120	16	59	NORMAL
560	32	59	LARGE

BIOS tricks DOS (or other OS) that the number of cylinders is less than 1024 by dividing it by 2. At the same time, the number of heads is multiplied by 2. A reverse transformation process will be made inside INT 12h in order to access the right HDD address

Maximum HDD size:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{no. Cylinder} \quad (1024) \\
 \times \text{no. Head} \quad (32) \\
 \times \text{no. Sector} \quad (63) \\
 \times \text{bytes per sector} \quad (512) \\
 \hline
 1 \text{ Gigabytes}
 \end{array}$$

Note:

To support LBA or LARGE mode of HDDs, there must be some softwares involved. All softwares are located in the Award HDD Service Routine (1NT 13h). It may fail to access a HDD with LBA (LARGE) mode selected if you are running under on Operating System which replaces the whole 1NT 13h. UNIX operating systems do not support either LBA or LARGE and must utilize the Standard mode. UNIX can support drives larger than 528MB.

3-10 HDD LOW LEVEL FORMAT

Interleave

Select the interleave number of the hard disk drive that you wish to perform a low level format on. You may select from 1 to 8. Check the documentation that came with the drive for the correct interleave number, or select 0 for automatic detection.

Auto scan bad track

This allows the utility to scan first then format by each track.

Start

Press<Y>to start low level format.

3-11 SAVE & EXIT SETUP

The "SAVE & EXIT SETUP" option will bring you back to boot up procedure with all the changes you just recorded in the CMOS RAM.

3-12 EXIT WITHOUT SAVING

The "EXIT WITHOUT SAVING" option will bring you back to normal boot up procedure without saving any data into CMOS RAM. All old data in the CMOS will not be destroyed.

Chapter 4

Technical Information

4-1 I/O & MEMORY MAP

MEMORY MAP

Address Range	Size	Description
[00000-7FFFF]	512K	Conventional memory
[80000-9FBFF]	127K	Extended Conventional memory
[9FC00-9FFFF]	1K	Extended BIOS data area if PS/2 mouse is installed
[A0000-C7FFF]	160K	Available for Hi DOS memory
[C8000-DFFFF]	96K	Available for Hi DOS memory and adapter ROMs
[E0000-EEFFF]	60K	Available for UMB
[EF000-EFFFF]	4K	Video service routine for Monochrome & CGA adaptor
[F0000-F7FFF]	32K	BIOS CMOS setup utility
[F8000-FCFFF]	20K	BIOS runtime service routine (2)
[FD000-FDFFF]	4K	Plug and Play ESCD data area
[FE000-FFFFF]	8K	BIOS runtime service routine (1)

I/O MAP

[000-01F]	DMA controller.(Master)
[020-021]	INTERRUPT CONTROLLER.(Master)
[022-023]	CHIPSET control registers. I/O ports.
[040-05F]	TIMER control registers.
[060-06F]	KEYBOARD interface controller.(8042)
[070-07F]	RTC ports & CMOS I/O ports.
[080-09F]	DMA register.
[0A0-0BF]	INTERRUPT controller.(Slave)
[0C0-0DF]	DMA controller.(Slave)
[0F0-0FF]	MATH COPROCESSOR.
[1F0-1F8]	HARD DISK controller.
[278-27F]	PARALLEL port 2.
[2B0-2DF]	GRAPHICS adapter controller.
[2F8-2FF]	SERIAL port 2.
[360-36F]	NETWORK ports.
[378-37F]	PARALLEL port 1.
[3B0-3BF]	MONOCHROME & PARALLEL port adapter.
[3C0-3CF]	EGA adapter.
[3D0-3DF]	CGA adapter.
[3F0-3F7]	FLOPPY DISK controller.
[3F8-3FF]	SERIAL port 1.

4-2 TIME & DMA CHANNELS MAP

TIME MAP:	TIMER Channel 0	System timer interrupt.
	TIMER Channel 1	DRAM REFRESH request.
	TIMER Channel 2	SPEAKER tone generator.
DMA CHANNELS :	DMA Channel 0	Available.
	DMA Channel 1	Onboard ECP (Option).
	DMA Channel 2	FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
	DMA Channel 3	Onboard ECP (default).
	DMA Channel 4	Cascade for DMA controller 1.
	DMA Channel 5	Available.
	DMA Channel 6	Available.
	DMA Channel 7	Available.

4-3 INTERRUPT MAP

NMI :	Parity check error.
IRQ (H/W) :	0 System TIMER interrupt from TIMER 0.
	1 KEYBOARD output buffer full.
	2 Cascade for IRQ 8-15.
	3 SERIAL port 2.
	4 SERIAL port 1.
	5 PARALLEL port 2.
	6 FLOPPY DISK (SMC CHIP).
	7 PARALLEL port 1.
	8 RTC clock.
	9 Available.
	10 Available.
	11 Available.
	12 PS/2 Mouse.
	13 MATH coprocessor.
	14 Onboard HARD DISK(IDE1) channel.
	15 Onboard HARD DISK(IDE2) channel.

4-4 RTC & CMOS RAM MAP

RTC & CMOS :	00	Seconds.
	01	Second alarm.
	02	Minutes.
	03	Minutes alarm.
	04	Hours.
	05	Hours alarm.
	06	Day of week.
	07	Day of month.
	08	Month.
	09	Year.
	0A	Status register A.
	0B	Status register B.
	0C	Status register C.
	0D	Status register D.
	0E	Diagnostic status byte.
	0F	Shutdown byte.
	10	FLOPPY DISK drive type byte.
	11	Reserve.
	12	HARD DISK type byte.
	13	Reserve.
	14	Equipment type.
	15	Base memory low byte.
	16	Base memory high byte.
	17	Extension memory low byte.
	18	Extension memory high byte.
	19-2d	
	2E-2F	
	30	Reserved for extension memory low bytw.
	31	Reserved for extension memory high byte.
	32	DATE CENTURY byte.
	33	INFORMATION FLAG.
	34-3F	Reserve.
	40-7F	Reserved for CHIPSET SETTING DATA.

APPENDIX A: POST CODES

ISA POST codes are typically output to port address 80h.

POST(hex) DESCRIPTION

01-02	Reserved.
C0	Turn off OEM specific cache, shadow.
03	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Initialize EISA registers (EISA BIOS only). 2.Initialize all the standard devices with default values Standard devices includes. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -DMA controller (8237). -Programmable Interrupt Controller (8259). -Programmable Interval Timer (8254). -RTC chip.
04	Reserved
05	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Keyboard Controller Self-Test. 2.Enable Keyboard Interface.
06	Reserved.
07	Verifies CMOS's basic R/W functionality.
C1	Auto-detection of onboard DRAM & Cache.
C5	Copy the BIOS from ROM into E0000-FFFFFF shadow RAM so that POST will go faster.
08	Test the first 256K DRAM.
09	OEM specific cache initialization. (if needed)
0A	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Initialize the first 32 interrupt vectors with corresponding Interrupt handlers Initialize INT no from 33-120 with Dummy (Suprious) Interrupt Handler. 2.Issue CPUID instruction to identify CPU type. 3.Early Power Management initialization. (OEM specific)
0B	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Verify the RTC time is valid or not. 2.Detect bad battery. 3.Read CMOS data into BIOS stack area. 4.PnP initializations including. (PnP BIOS only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Assign CSN to PnP ISA card. -Create resource map from ESCD. 5.Assign IO & Memory for PCI devices. (PCI BIOS only)

POST(hex)	DESCRIPTION
0C	Initialization of the BIOS Data Area. (40:00 - 40:FF)
0D	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Program some of the Chipset's value according to Setup. (Early Setup Value Program) 2.Measure CPU speed for display & decide the system clock speed. 3.Video initialization including Monochromc, CGA, EGA/VGA. If no display device found, the speaker will beep.
0E	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Test video RAM. (If Monochromc display device found) 2.Show messages including. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Award Logo, Copyright string, BIOS Data code & Part No. -OEM specific sign on messages. -Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS ONLY) -CPU brand, type & speed. -Test system BIOS checksum. (Non-Compress Version only)
0F	DMA channel 0 test.
10	DMA channel 1 test.
11	DMA page registers test.
12-13	Reserved.
14	Test 8254 Timer 0 Counter 2.
15	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 1.
16	Test 8259 interrupt mask bits for channel 2.
17	Reserved.
19	Test 8259 functionality.
1A-1D	Reserved.
1E	If EISA NVM checksum is good, exccute EISA initialization. (EISA BIOS only)
1F-29	Reserved.
30	Detect Base Memory & Extended Memory Size.
31	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Test Base Memory from 256K to 640K. 2.Test Extended Memory from 1M to the top of memory.

POST(hex)	DESCRIPTION
32	1.Display the Award Plug & Play BIOS Extension message. (PnP BIOS only) 2.Program all onboard super I/O chips (if any) including COM ports, LPT ports, FDD port ... according to setup value.
33-3B	Reserved.
3C	Set flag to allow users to enter CMOS Setup Utility.
3D	1.Initialize Keyboard. 2.Install PS2 mouse.
3E	Try to turn on Level 2 cache. Note : Some chipset may need to turn on the L2 cache in this stage. But usually, the cache is turn on later in POST 61h.
3F-40	Reserved.
BF	1.Program the rest of the Chipset's value according to Setup. (Later Setup Value Program) 2.If auto-configuration is enabled, programmed the chipset with pre-defined Values.
41	Initialize floppy disk drive controller.
42	Initialize Hard drive controller.
43	If it is a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports.
44	Reserved.
45	Initialize math coprocessor.
46-4D	Reserved.
4E	If there is any error detected (such as video, kb...), show all the error messages on the screen & wait for user to press <F1> key.
4F	1.If password is needed, ask for password. 2.Clear the Energy Star Logo. (Green BIOS only)
50	Write all CMOS values currently in the BIOS stack area back into the CMOS.
51	Reserved.

POST(hex) DESCRIPTION

52	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Initialize all ISA ROMs. 2.Later PCI initializations. (PCI BIOS only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -assign IRQ to PCI devices. -initialize all PCI ROMs. 3.PnP Initializations. (PnP BIOS only) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -assign IO, Memory, IRQ & DMA to PnP ISA devices. -initialize all PnP ISA ROMs. 4.Program shadows RAM according to Setup settings. 5.Program parity according to Setup setting. 6.Power Management Initialization. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -Enable/Disable global PM. -APM interface initialization.
53	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.If it is NOT a PnP BIOS, initialize serial & parallel ports. 2.Initialize time value in BIOS data area by translate the RTC time value into a timer tick value.
60	Setup Virus Protection. (Boot Sector Protection) functionality according to Setup setting.
61	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Try to turn on Level 2 cache. Note : if L2 cache is already turned on in POST 3D, this part will be skipped. 2.Set the boot up speed according to Setup setting. 3.Last chance for Chipset initialization. 4.Last chance for Power Management initialization. (Green BIOS only) 5.Show the system configuration table.
62	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Setup daylight saving according to Setup value. 2.Program the NUM Lock, typematic rate & typematic speed according to Setup setting.
63	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.If there is any changes in the hardware configuration, update the ESCD information. (PnP BIOS only) 2.Clear memory that have been used. 3.Boot system via INT 19H.
FF	System Booting. This means that the BIOS already pass the control right to the operating system.

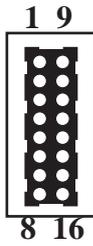
Unexpected Errors:

POST(hex) DESCRIPTION

B0	If interrupt occurs in protected mode.
B1	Unclaimed NMI occurs.

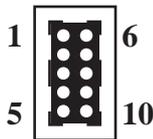
APPENDIX B: I/O CONNECTORS

CN6 : USB CONNECTOR:



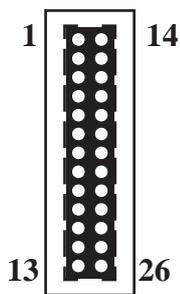
Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
USB_VCC	1	9	Ground
USB_data0-	2	10	Ground
USB_data0+	3	11	Ground
Ground	4	12	Ground
USB_VCC	5	13	Ground
USB_data1-	6	14	Ground
USB_data1+	7	25	Ground
Ground	8	26	Ground

CN1/COM1,CN2/COM2 : Serial Ports Connector



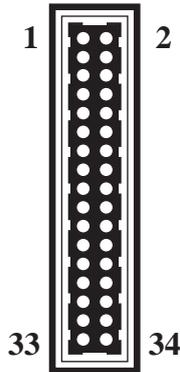
Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
DCD	1	6	DSR
SIN	2	7	RTS
SOUT	3	8	CTS
DTR	4	9	RI
GND	5	10	N.C.

CN7 : Parallel Port Connector



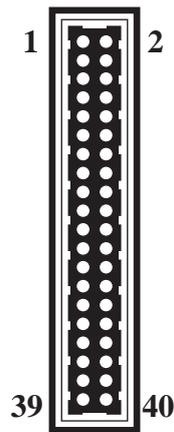
Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
STROBE-	1	14	AUTO FEED-
Data Bit 0	2	15	ERROR-
Data Bit 1	3	16	INIT-
Data Bit 2	4	17	SLCT IN-
Data Bit 3	5	18	Ground
Data Bit 4	6	19	Ground
Data Bit 5	7	20	Ground
Data Bit 6	8	21	Ground
Data Bit 7	9	22	Ground
ACJ-	10	23	Ground
BUSY	11	24	Ground
PE	12	25	Ground
SLCT	13	26	N.C.

CN3 : Floppy Disk Connector



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Ground	1	2	FDHDIN
Ground	3	4	Reserved
Ground	5	6	FDEDIN
Ground	7	8	Index-
Ground	9	10	Motor Enable
Ground	11	12	Drive Select B-
Ground	13	14	Drive Select A-
Ground	15	16	Motor Enable
Ground	17	18	DIR-
Ground	19	20	STEP-
Ground	21	22	Write Data
Ground	23	24	Write Gate
Ground	25	26	Track 00-
Ground	27	28	Write Protect-
Ground	29	30	Read Data-
Ground	31	32	SIDE 1 SELECT-
Ground	33	34	Diskette

CN4/CN5 : Primary, Secondary IDE Connector



Signal Name	Pin	Pin	Signal Name
Reset IDE	1	2	Ground
Host Data 7	3	4	Host Data 8
Host Data 6	5	6	Host Data 9
Host Data 5	7	8	Host Data 10
Host Data 4	9	10	Host Data 11
Host Data 3	11	12	Host Data 12
Host Data 2	13	14	Host Data 13
Host Data 1	15	16	Host Data 14
Host Data 0	17	18	Host Data 15
Ground	19	20	Key
DRQ3	21	22	Ground
I/O Write-	23	24	Ground
I/O Read-	25	26	Ground
IOCHRDY	27	28	BALE
DACK3-	29	30	Ground
IRQ14	31	32	IOCS16-
Addr 1	33	34	Ground
Addr 0	35	32	Addr 2
Chip Select 0-	37	38	Chip Select 1-
Activity	39	40	Ground